

**SPEAKER:** So angiokeratoma and telangiectasias are vascular lesions. And in Fabry disease, many of the lesions or the disease appears because of these vascular or endothelial deposition of the unmetabolized substances. So this tend to deposit in this endothelial and lesions tend to appear because of this deposition, and they form into these small-- sometimes small and sometimes big-- telangiectasias and papules, red papules, with this crust in the surface that tend to distribute in this bathing trunk areas.

In hemizygous patients, in male patients, lesions tend to be wider and more characteristic, as I've said, in this bathing trunk area. From the [INAUDIBLE] to the umbilicus, affecting mainly the genital areas. And they might be completely asymptomatic, or sometimes they might bleed when there's little trauma.

That's the typical male distribution, but female patients might also show lesions around this areas, too. Although, always or mostly a little bit more subtle. Although, some female patients show the full blown disease, too, patients might also show some telangiectasias on the oral mucosa. They might also show some telangiectasias on other sites, as the fingers, or the elbows, or the back. Especially where the sites prone to trauma, lesions might appear along those areas.